Lv SERIES
FM-200® FIRE EXTINGUISHING SYSTEM

The Janus Fire Systems® Lv Series Clean Agent Fire Extinguishing System utilizes FM-200® as the extinguishing medium. FM-200® is a colorless, non-toxic gas perfectly suited to protect high value assets in areas that may be normally occupied, in locations where clean-up of other agents is problematic, when storage space for a fire suppression agent is restricted, or when an electrically non-conductive agent is required. Each system consists of the following components and their associated accessories:

1. **FM-200® Storage Components** - Storage components consist of the cylinder assembly(s), which contains the FM-200® chemical agent, and the cylinder bracket(s), which holds the cylinder assembly securely in place.
2. **FM-200® Distribution Components** - Distribution components consist of the discharge nozzles used to introduce the FM-200® agent into a protected hazard along with the associated piping system used to connect the nozzles to the cylinder assembly.
3. **Trim Components** - Trim components complete the installation of the FM-200® system and consist of connection fittings, pressure gauge, low-pressure supervisory switch, electric valve actuator, and manual valve actuator.
4. **Slave Arrangement Components** - Slave arrangement components consist of the pneumatic valve actuator(s), actuation check valve, vent check, actuation hose, and fittings required for a multiple cylinder (slave) arrangement.
5. **Supplemental Components** - Supplemental components include the discharge pressure switch and manifold check valve. They supplement the core equipment or complete a specific multi-cylinder configuration.
6. **Control Panel** - This device monitors the condition of the electric actuator, detectors, warning devices, cylinder pressure, and any manual release and abort stations. All electric or electronic devices must connect to the control panel in order to function.
7. **Early Warning Detection and Alarm Devices** - Early warning detection devices coupled with manual release and abort stations maximize system efficiency while audible and visual alarm devices alert staff of alarm conditions.

Typical Clean Agent System Layout
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The FM-200® agent is stored as a liquid in cylinder assemblies designed specifically for the application and charged to a fill density of between 35 lb/ft³ (561 kg/m³) and 70 lb/ft³ (1121 kg/m³). To ensure optimal performance, each cylinder is superpressurized with dry nitrogen to 360 psi (24.8 bar) at 70°F (21°C). An identification label is affixed to the cylinder body indicating the fill quantity of FM-200®, charging pressure, date of fill, and fill station. The Lv Series supports three cylinder capacities.

FM-200® fire extinguishing systems are designed in accordance with National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 2001 - Standard on Clean Agent Fire Extinguishing Systems, which states each system shall be total flooding, meaning it discharges FM-200® into a room, area, or enclosure with the structural integrity to retain the agent, and that each system discharges within 10 seconds with the FM-200® becoming thoroughly mixed throughout the protected area, reaching a minimum concentration level of 6.25%, but not exceeding 9% in normally occupied areas.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal Cylinder Size</th>
<th>P/N</th>
<th>P/N (CE)</th>
<th>Fill Capacity</th>
<th>Empty Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>Maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 lb</td>
<td>18527</td>
<td>18591</td>
<td>304</td>
<td>137.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>900 lb</td>
<td>18528</td>
<td>18592</td>
<td>455</td>
<td>206.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 lb</td>
<td>18529</td>
<td>18593</td>
<td>561</td>
<td>254.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The cylinder assembly is composed of a cylinder, dip tube, cylinder valve, rupture disc, and liquid level indicator.

**Cylinder Valve:** The automatic release of FM-200® is controlled by a forged brass, differential pressure operated cylinder valve connected to the neck of the cylinder. The valve assembly is shipped with an anti-recoil safety device installed in the discharge outlet and chained to the cylinder valve.

**Dip Tube:** A threaded, rigid dip tube extends from the cylinder neck down to its bottom.

**Cylinder:** The light walled, welded seam cylinder is manufactured according to the requirements of the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT) for compressed gas. Internal neck threads allow connection of the cylinder valve. The cylinder is designed for mounting in a vertical position only.

**Rupture Disc:** A frangible rupture disc is fitted to the cylinder body. It functions as an emergency relief device in the event of excessive pressure within the cylinder. Its rupture point is between 850 psi (58.6 bar) and 1000 psi (68.9 bar).

**Liquid Level Indicator:** A liquid level indicator located on the cylinder body is a nonmagnetic tube containing a measurement tape attached to a magnet. As the tape is removed, the magnet will engage at the liquid surface. This measurement is compared with a chart in the design manual to determine the current fill weight of the cylinder.
The cylinder valve has five connection points:

**Valve Actuation Connection**: A threaded connection located on top of the cylinder valve serves as the attachment point for the electric (primary) or pneumatic (slave) valve actuator.

**Pressure Gauge Connection**: A female connection serves as the attachment point for the pressure gauge. It is fitted with an internal check valve to allow removal of the gauge while the cylinder is pressurized.

**Low-Pressure Supervisory Switch Connection**: A female connection serves as the attachment point for the low-pressure supervisory switch. An internal check valve allows for removal of the pressure switch while the cylinder is pressurized.

**Discharge Outlet**: A 3 in (80 mm) grooved connection serves as the attachment point for discharge piping.

**Pilot Actuation Port**: A 1/4 in (8 mm) FNPT connection (shipped with a removable plug) provides a means of applying actuation pressure to the slave cylinder(s). This can also be used for attachment of the discharge pressure switch in single cylinder arrangements. The port is pressurized only during the 10 second discharge period.

### Cylinder Dimensions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cylinder</th>
<th>600 lb</th>
<th>900 lb</th>
<th>1000 lb</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in</td>
<td>in</td>
<td>in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H1</td>
<td>58.67</td>
<td>75.99</td>
<td>67.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H2</td>
<td>44.92</td>
<td>62.17</td>
<td>53.73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H3</td>
<td>21.5</td>
<td>38.0</td>
<td>30.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D1</td>
<td>24.0</td>
<td>24.0</td>
<td>30.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2</td>
<td>25.9</td>
<td>25.9</td>
<td>31.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P/N</td>
<td>18536</td>
<td>18536</td>
<td>18537</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cylinder stability is ensured by the cylinder bracket assembly, consisting of one strap and rail with accompanying bolts, nuts, and washers. The rail is slotted for ease of mounting with fasteners provided by the installer.
TRIM COMPONENTS

Trim components are required to operate the FM-200® cylinder(s).

Discharge Connection Fittings
(P/N See Diagram)

A 3 in (80 mm) grooved elbow connects to the grooved cylinder outlet adapter utilizing the coupling factory installed to retain the anti-recoil safety device. Pipe and fittings beyond the 3 in (80 mm) elbow are to be supplied by the installer.

Low-Pressure Supervisory Switch Assembly
(P/N 18775)

The low-pressure supervisory switch continuously monitors the pressure of the cylinder. The contact configuration is single pole, single throw (SPST) with contacts rated 1.5 Amps at 24 VDC. Should the cylinder pressure drop to approximately 280 psi (19.3 bar), the switch contacts will close transmitting a signal to the system control panel.

Pressure Gauge Assembly
(P/N 18772)

NFPA 2001 mandates a pressure gauge for each cylinder as a method of visually monitoring the internal pressure condition of the cylinder assembly.
The electric valve actuator attaches to the primary cylinder at the valve actuation connection and is utilized to automatically open the cylinder valve upon receipt of a signal from the control panel or other source. It operates between 17 and 30 VDC and consumes 500 mA (.5 Amps) at 24 VDC nominal with a maximum supervisory current of 30 mA (0.03 Amps).

The electric valve actuator body is steel construction with a brass knurled swivel nut and a stainless steel actuation pin that depresses the valve core when energized.

**Electric Valve Actuator (P/N 18481)**

An optional manual valve actuator attaches to the top of the electric valve actuator and provides a means to manually open the cylinder valve. The manual valve actuator consists of a brass body, stainless steel actuation pin, and steel safety ring pin.

To discharge the primary cylinder manually, the ring pin is removed and the emergency release button is depressed forcing the pin in the electric valve actuator to depress the valve core of the cylinder valve. All other connected cylinders will be opened pneumatically.

**Manual Valve Actuator (P/N 17001)**

Up to 16 cylinders (1 primary and 15 slave) may be installed in a single arrangement, with a maximum length of 70 ft (21.3 m) of pilot actuation hose from the first cylinder to the last. A typical arrangement is shown below.
Pneumatic Valve Actuator (P/N 17019)

On multiple cylinder systems the electric valve actuator will open the primary cylinder and then, in a rapidly occurring sequence, the pneumatic valve actuator(s) will open all other cylinders using pressure from the primary cylinder.

A pneumatic valve actuator attaches to the valve actuation connection of each slave cylinder. It receives pressure from the pilot actuation port of the primary cylinder through the pilot actuation check valve. It is brass with a brass piston and pin.

Vent Check (P/N 10173)

The vent check is a safety device with 1/4 in (8 mm) MNPT threads that is to be installed in the pilot actuation line downstream of the pilot actuation check valve. It is used to bleed off pressure that may accumulate in the pilot actuation hose or piping minimizing the chance of inadvertent pressurization of the pneumatic actuators or discharge pressure switch.

Pilot Actuation Check Valve (P/N 18560)

A 1/4 in (8 mm) MNPT by 37° male JIC check valve is installed in the pilot actuation port of the primary cylinder valve with direction of flow OUT of the valve. When the valve opens, pressure will be directed through the pilot actuation check valve to the pneumatic valve actuators on the slave cylinders. The purpose of the pilot actuation check valve is to ensure the pneumatic actuator(s) remain pressurized for the entire discharge period.

Male NPT Adapter (P/N 18625)

A 1/4 in (8 mm) 37° male JIC by MNPT adapter fits into the pilot actuation end line tee of the final slave cylinder to facilitate the attachment of the pilot actuation line. It also may be utilized to allow the attachment of flex hose to the discharge pressure switch.

Pilot Actuation Mid Line Tee (P/N 18622)

A 1/4 in (8 mm) 37° male JIC by MNPT brass branch tee is utilized to attach the pilot actuation line to the pneumatic valve actuator.
Manifold Check Valve (P/N 18538)

In a multiple cylinder arrangement where the slave and primary cylinders share a common manifold or in a main / reserve arrangement, a 3 in (80 mm) grooved manifold check valve must be placed between the discharge outlet of each cylinder and the discharge manifold to prevent back flow from the manifold should the system be inadvertently discharged when one or more cylinders are disconnected for maintenance.

Discharge Pressure Switch (P/N 18773)

The discharge pressure switch is used in the system to provide positive indication of agent discharge and to initiate the shut down of equipment that may deplete agent concentration. The pressure switch is a single pole, double throw (SPDT) switch with contacts rated 10 Amps resistive at 30 VDC.

P/N 18648 | Hose Length (L) 16 in (406 mm)
P/N 18649 | 24 in (610 mm)
P/N 18650 | 34 in (864 mm)
P/N 18651 | 40 in (1016 mm)

Pilot Actuation End Line Tee (P/N 18611)

A 1/4 in (8 mm) FNPT by MNPT brass branch tee mounts to the final pneumatic valve actuator to facilitate attachment of the vent check to the pilot actuation line.

Flex Hose (P/N See Chart)

Flex hoses are 3/16 in (7 mm) Teflon® lined stainless steel wire braided hoses of varying lengths with 1/4 in (8 mm) 37° female JIC flare fittings. They are utilized to interconnect cylinders when a slave arrangement is required.

SUPPLEMENTAL COMPONENTS

Supplemental components complete various system arrangements.

P/N 18538 | 11.5" (292 mm)

Manifold Check Valve (P/N 18538)

In a multiple cylinder arrangement where the slave and primary cylinders share a common manifold or in a main / reserve arrangement, a 3 in (80 mm) grooved manifold check valve must be placed between the discharge outlet of each cylinder and the discharge manifold to prevent back flow from the manifold should the system be inadvertently discharged when one or more cylinders are disconnected for maintenance.
DISCHARGE NOZZLES

Discharge nozzles (1, 2, or 4 ports) are used to uniformly distribute the FM-200® agent. They are performance tested to ensure that the agent is discharged within 10 seconds and properly dispersed throughout the protected area. Maximum nozzle height for a protected space is 16 ft (4877 mm) per tier of nozzles. Additional tiers are required for heights greater than 16 ft.
When FM-200® is exposed to temperatures greater than 1300°F (700°C), the by-product Hydrogen Fluoride (HF) will be formed. FM-200® systems are designed to discharge in 10 seconds or less in order to minimize the amount of HF formed.

Although the EPA Significant New Alternative Program (SNAP) lists FM-200® as acceptable for occupied spaces, NFPA Standard 2001 and SNAP list the following guidelines for human exposure:

1. The discharge of FM-200® into a hazard may reduce visibility for a brief period. FM-200® may cause frostbite if liquid discharge or evaporating vapor contacts the skin.
2. When FM-200® is exposed to temperatures greater than 1300°F (700°C), the by-product Hydrogen Fluoride (HF) will be formed. FM-200® systems are designed to discharge in 10 seconds or less in order to minimize the amount of HF formed.

The FM-200® Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) should be read and understood prior to working with the agent.

A cylinder containing FM-200® should be handled carefully. The anti-recoil safety device must be in place at all times when the cylinder is not connected to the discharge piping and restrained.

### FM-200® CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

FM-200® (HFC-227ea) is formed from the elements carbon, fluorine and hydrogen (CF3CHFCF3 - heptafluoropropane). The primary extinguishing mechanism of FM-200® is heat absorption, with a secondary chemical contribution from the thermal decomposition of FM-200® in the flame.

FM-200® leaves no residue and is safe for use in occupied spaces.

Most common metals, such as aluminum, brass, steel, cast iron, lead, stainless steel, and copper, as well as rubber, plastic, and electronic components, are unaffected when exposed to FM-200®.

### SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Although the EPA Significant New Alternative Program (SNAP) lists FM-200® as acceptable for occupied spaces, NFPA Standard 2001 and SNAP list the following guidelines for human exposure:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FM-200®</th>
<th>Maximum Human Exposure Time (Minutes)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% v/v</td>
<td>ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>90,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>95,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.5</td>
<td>105,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.0</td>
<td>110,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.5</td>
<td>115,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>120,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
1. Data derived from the EPA-approved and peer-reviewed PBPK model or its equivalent.
2. Based on LOAEL of 10.5% in dogs.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P/N</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Nominal Ship Wt. lb (kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18527</td>
<td>Cylinder Assembly, FM-200, 600 lb (304 to 609 lb capacity / 137.9 to 276.2 kg)</td>
<td>346 (157.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18528</td>
<td>Cylinder Assembly, FM-200, 900 lb (455 to 910 lb capacity / 206.4 to 412.7 kg)</td>
<td>471 (213.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18529</td>
<td>Cylinder Assembly, FM-200, 1000 lb (561 to 1000 lb capacity / 254.5 to 453.6 kg)</td>
<td>766 (346.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FM200AGENT</td>
<td>FM-200® Bulk</td>
<td>Variable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18536</td>
<td>Bracket Assembly, Cylinder (600 lb / 900 lb)</td>
<td>10.0 (4.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18537</td>
<td>Bracket Assembly, Cylinder (1000 lb)</td>
<td>12.0 (5.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18481</td>
<td>Electric Valve Actuator (primary cylinder)</td>
<td>2.0 (0.9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17001</td>
<td>Manual Valve Actuator (primary cylinder)</td>
<td>0.6 (0.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18772</td>
<td>Gauge Assembly, Pressure, FM-200 (all cylinders)</td>
<td>0.4 (0.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18775</td>
<td>Switch Assembly, Low-Pressure Supervisory (recommended all cylinders)</td>
<td>0.5 (0.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18554</td>
<td>Coupling, Grooved, 3” (80 mm)</td>
<td>3.9 (1.8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18550</td>
<td>Elbow, Grooved, 3” (80 mm)</td>
<td>4.7 (2.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17019</td>
<td>Pneumatic Valve Actuator (slave cylinder)</td>
<td>1.2 (0.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18560</td>
<td>Valve, Check, 1/4” JIC Male x 1/4” MNPT Pilot Actuation Check Valve</td>
<td>0.3 (0.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18622</td>
<td>Tee, 1/4” JIC Male x 1/4” MNPT, Brass Pilot Actuation Mid Line Tee</td>
<td>0.2 (0.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10173</td>
<td>Vent Check (connects to Pilot Actuation End Line Tee)</td>
<td>0.2 (0.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18625</td>
<td>Adapter, 1/4” MNPT x 1/4” JIC Male, Brass Male NPT Adapter (connects to Pilot Actuation End Line Tee)</td>
<td>0.2 (0.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18611</td>
<td>Tee, 1/4” FNPT x 1/4” MNPT, Brass Pilot Actuation End Line Tee</td>
<td>0.3 (0.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18773</td>
<td>Switch, Discharge Pressure</td>
<td>1.4 (0.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18538</td>
<td>Valve, Check, Grooved, 3” (80 mm) Manifold Check Valve</td>
<td>25.0 (11.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18650</td>
<td>Hose, Flex, 3/16”, 1/4” JIC Female, 34” long (recommended for 600 / 900 lb cylinder arrangements)</td>
<td>0.6 (0.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18651</td>
<td>Hose, Flex, 3/16”, 1/4” JIC Female, 40” long (recommended for 1000 lb cylinder arrangements)</td>
<td>0.6 (0.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>Nozzle, 3/8”, Brass, FM-200</td>
<td>0.5 (0.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>Nozzle, 1/2”, Brass, FM-200</td>
<td>0.6 (0.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>Nozzle, 3/4”, Brass, FM-200</td>
<td>0.8 (0.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>Nozzle, 1”, Brass, FM-200</td>
<td>1.2 (0.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>Nozzle, 1-1/4”, Brass, FM-200</td>
<td>1.6 (0.7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>Nozzle, 1-1/2”, Brass, FM-200</td>
<td>1.7 (0.8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>Nozzle, 2”, Brass, FM-200</td>
<td>3.6 (1.6)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Specify the Cylinder Assembly P/N followed by a dash and the fill weight in pounds expressed in three digits
Example: 18528-815 - Cylinder Assembly, FM-200, 900 lb (815 lb fill)

The seller makes no warranties, express or implied, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, except as expressly stated in the seller’s sales contract or sales acknowledgment form. Every attempt is made to keep our product information up-to-date and accurate. All specific applications cannot be covered, nor can all requirements be anticipated. All specifications are subject to change without notice.